



1- Anti-tissue Transglutaminase Antibodies.

2- For children under 3 consider anti-deaminated gliadin IgA (Anti-DGP).

3- Refers only to the tTG IgA or EMA IgA results.

4- If there is a high probability of Celiac Disease, consider an intestinal biopsy even with negative serology.

The tests used for detecting anti-deaminated gliadin (anti-DGP) IgA or IgG can be used, especially in children under 2 and/or with negative anti-EMA and anti-tTG results. Their clinical value complements the anti-EMA and anti-tTG results and it is particularly useful for patients with IgA deficiency, for those who tested negative for other antibodies and high probability of CD and in children under 2.